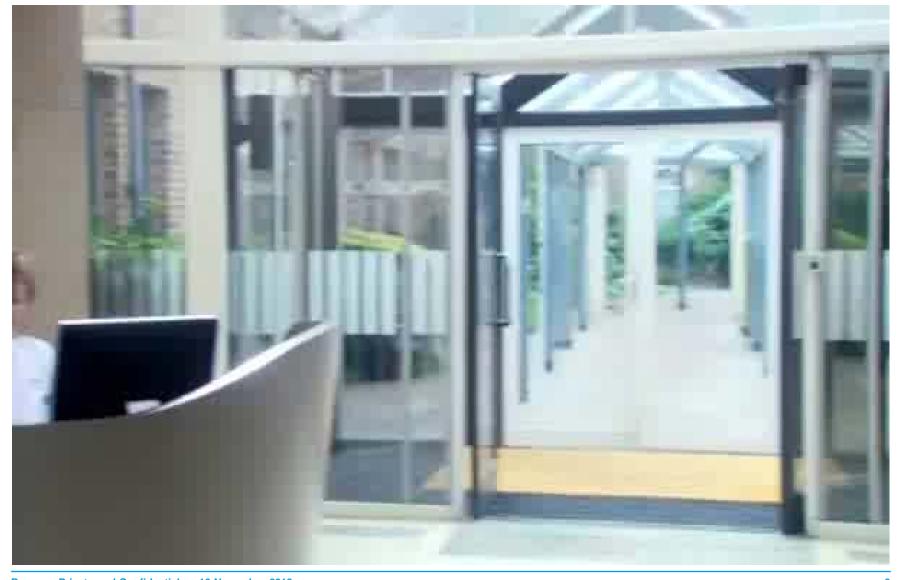


# Acknowledgements

# All members of my team have provided input to this document

Disclaimer: Information presented has been gathered independently by Michael Douman from industry sources and publications which does <u>not</u> necessarily reflect the opinion of Bupa Australia

# **Lifestyle Nutrition**



# Technologies & Software – High End

- Virtualised quad core blade server 32 Gb RAM, 2 Tb data
- Designed own data model & extract daily from the mainframe
- SAS is fundamental to everything we do
- SAS base is used for sophisticated programming
- SAS Enterprise Guide is used for "basic" programming, data extraction, and reporting
- SAS Enterprise Miner is used for data mining
- Futrix is our major self service OLAP tool, and it uses SAS, Java, J Boss languages
- Bespoke programs developed in-house
  - Ultrasound
  - Lasar

# Technologies & Software – Low End

- Hardware Off the shelf server (PC)
- Excel for:
  - trend analysis
  - Cross tabs (pivot table)
  - A range of other statistical functions of which some are:
    - result of an F-test
    - linear trend
    - one-tailed probability of the chi-squared distribution
    - values along an exponential trend
    - Calculates standard deviation based on the entire population

### Microsoft Access

- stores and manages raw data, (add, edit, delete, maintain related tables, query, etc.)
- has a few statistical functions, nowhere near as many as Excel, SPSS, and even less than SAS

## Risk Assessment Guides Analytic Focus

- Where you focus depends on where the greatest weaknesses are.
  - **Provider** (& their employees) **leakage** & fraud is the major issue as providers are the "gatekeepers" to the system both in determining services and invoicing
  - Member & Fund employee leakage & fraud is possible.
  - The only areas where fraud is possible are those where the member and Fund employee handles documentation.
  - Given that the maximum potential is:
    - Ancillary Member & Fund Employee 18%
    - Medical Member 23%, Fund Employee 14%
    - Hospital (Ex EDI and Eclipse) Member & Fund Employee 0%
  - The reality is that fraud and leakage is significantly less than the maximum potential shown above
  - Product waiting periods, benefit limits, step downs, etc
  - **System leakage** is potentially significant depending on the effectiveness of system controls and rules eg field parameters, commercial rules, membership rules, claims assessing

• Contracts (Hospital, Medical, Ancillary)

# **Claims Leakage Analytics**

### **Statistical Analytics**

- Data Mining
- Trend analysis
- Predictive analytics
- Ratio analysis
- Profiling & Benchmarking (providers, members, employees, products, services)
- Statistical Standardisation
- Scoring algorithms

### Non Statistical analytics

- Targeted Clinical auditing
- Coding audits targeted and random

• Etc

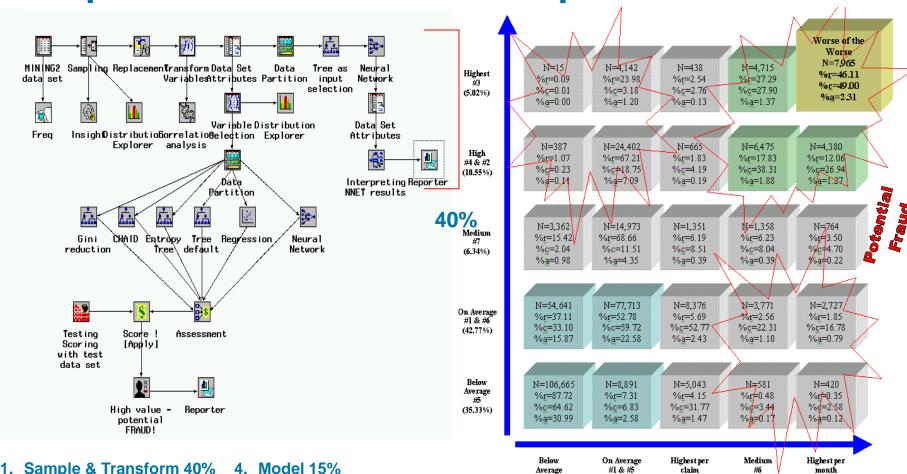
# Fraud analytics - Data Mining

### **Supervised Models**

### **Unsupervised Models**

(37.80%)

(4.91%)



- Sample & Transform 40%
- 4. Model 15%

Explore 15%

5. Assess 5%

Modify 30%

**Private and Confidential** 16 November 2012 Bupa

# Some Views on Medical Servicing (1)

 In addition to Dr Webber, there are other individuals in Australia who have expressed concerns about medical over servicing and fraud, viz

"Medical centres thrive by volume and over servicing. Kickbacks, benefits and additional profits come from ordering tests......"

Dr Mohamed Khadra "Making the Cut" (2007) p 137

"in fact the research is clear. Eighty per cent of patients (TURPS) get better or stay the same if observed over time....Yet the vast majority of patients who turn up to an urologist with these lower urinary tract symptoms are likely to end up with an operation."

Dr Mohamed Khadra "Making the Cut" (2007) p.146

# Some Views on Medical Servicing (2)

• The health economist, Professor Jeffrey Richardson also stated some years ago that:

".. where there is a financial incentive to do more, we find a lot more being done. So in the public hospitals you have salaried doctors with no particular interest in these procedures; in private hospitals, where there's a fee incentive, we get many, many more resources being put into ......

...doctors have two motivations: one of them is their professional motivation, and then there's also the financial motivation. Now in the private hospital both of those move in the same direction, and we get far more procedures being done.....

but at the end of 30 months, the patients who initially went into the private hospitals, were still over twice as likely, 100% greater probability of receiving these procedures..."

#### Source

Richardson, J "Variations of treatment of people with coronary heart disease"

Radio National Health Report 3/4/2000

**Bupa** 

# Some Views on Medical Servicing (3)

- 9 November, The Courier-Mail reported that doctors were suspected of illegally pocketing private patient fees while working in public hospitals, a rort that could be taking millions of dollars from public health system.
- The potentially massive rort has been exposed in a consultant's report recently prepared for the Newman Government.
- Obtained by *The Courier-Mail*, the **report by Ernst &Young** has revealed the Crime and Misconduct Commission has begun probing the issue.
- Senior medical officers can treat private patients using the public hospitals system through either a salary top-up arrangement or by paying a percentage of fees collected to the hospital where the operation is performed.
- Because of fears much-needed specialists could quit the public system altogether, hospital administrators are suspected of turning a blind eye to the fee-pocketing practice, as well as doctors not turning up to work at all.

# **Another View of Claims Leakage**

**Kellermann Debates Rationing of End of Life Care** 

By RAND Corporation

October 17, 2012

# Despite remarkable progress in medical science, the global death rate is still 100 percent.

So the question is not whether we will live, or die.

The question is where and how we'll die, and who will be with us when we do.

Most of us don't want to die in an intensive care unit, strapped to a bed under fluorescent lights, separated from our loved ones.

Yet that is precisely what happens to many of us, because all too often,

our health care system is too focused on making money, too preoccupied with its technical prowess, and too busy to sit down with patients to have a frank and sensitive discussion about their wishes at the end of life.

As a physician, my goals are simple: to save as many lives as I can; to ease pain and suffering when I cannot, and always, ALWAYS treat my patients with compassion and respect."

# **Medical Services in Hospital - 1**

- Medicare does not cover e.g. cosmetic, etc
- Medicare in it's annual Compliance Reports states that it's areas of focus encompass "unnecessary referrals, tests, investigations", and "cosmetic" procedures billed to Medicare"
- PHI Funds have historically relied on the fact that Medicare only pays for appropriate medical services. Therefore they have not devoted much attention to this. It has also been seen as less financially significant, however...
- Funds may have a false sense of security
- Changes were announced on 28 June 2012 to the MBS to stop payments for a number of issues including cosmetic surgery.

# **Medical Services in Hospital - 2**

### **Medicare Compliance Program Areas FY 11**

### **Specialists**

- Services not eligible for Medicare benefits e.g. cosmetic
- Incorrect or inappropriate combinations of MBS items e.g. one item covers a procedure
- Billing consultations with procedures that include consultation time
- Inappropriate ordering and incorrect use of pathology and diagnostic
- Gastroenterologists billing unusual combinations of MBS items
- Orthopaedic surgeons billing unusual combinations of MBS items
- Clinical services performed by a technician without supervision
- Billing under specialists and physicians inc pathologists who did not perform services
- Commercial arrangements encouraging unnecessary requests for pathology and diagnostic imaging
- Claims submitted via simplified billing and electronic claiming channels
- Accuracy of claims submitted by billing agents

## "Cosmetic" and "Unnecessary" surgery

- The most "politically" contentious and fraught area is cosmetic/unnecessary surgery
- Australians will spend about \$850 million on plastic surgery this year (IbisWorld study 7/12/11), with women accounting for 92% of all procedures.

Expenditure item	2011-12 spending (\$million*)	Growth on 2010-11 spending (%)
Plastic surgery	850.0	1.4
Cosmetic procedures	560.6	25.0
Lap-band surgery	116.8	1.7
Total	6990.7	18.8

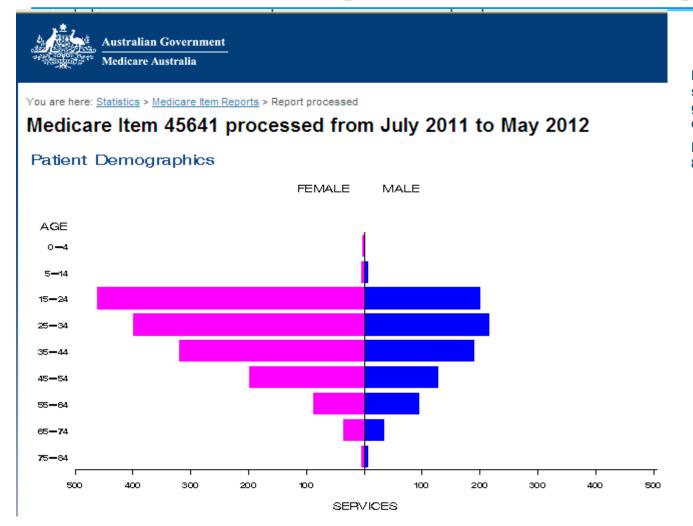
<sup>\*</sup>Expenditure by all Australians

"In 2011, 62,000 Australians underwent surgical cosmetic procedures, while another 68,000 indulged in non-surgical procedures."

(Source http://www.ibisworld.com.au/about/media/pressrelease/release.aspx?id=276)

 "When it comes to women, the most popular procedures include breast reduction, liposuction, tummy tucks and eyelid surgery. For men the list includes reduction of enlarged breasts, liposuction, rhinoplasty, eyelid surgery and cosmetic ear surgery,"

# Medicare item profile – Rhinoplasty



RHINOPLASTY involving nasal or septal cartilage graft, or nasal bone graft, or nasal bone and nasal cartilage graft (Anaes.)

Fee: \$1,062.70 Benefit: 75% = \$797.05

**85% = \$989.00** 

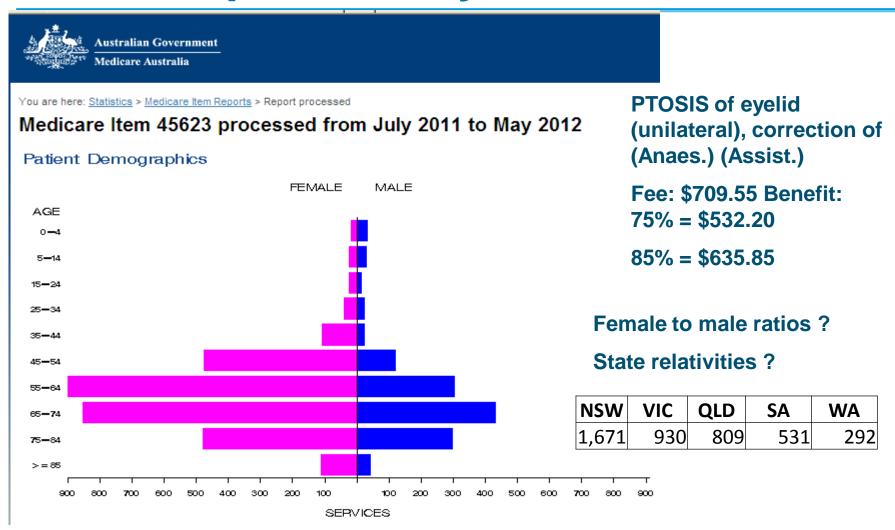
Why do females have this respiratory procedure

("nose job") at approximately double the rate of males in age groups from 15 and upwards?

Cosmetic?

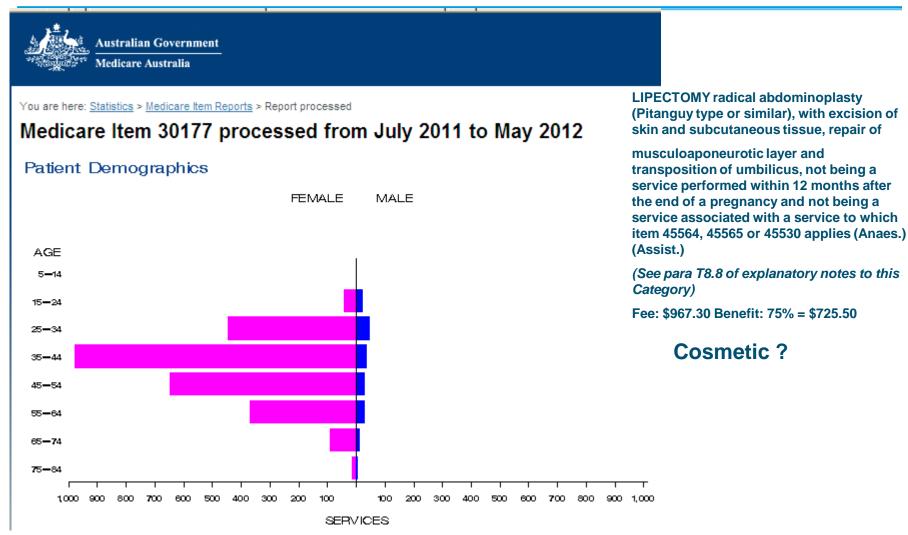
https://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au/cgibin/broker.exe?\_PROGRAM=sas.mbs\_item\_age\_gender\_report.sas&\_

# MBS Item profile – Eyelid Ptosis



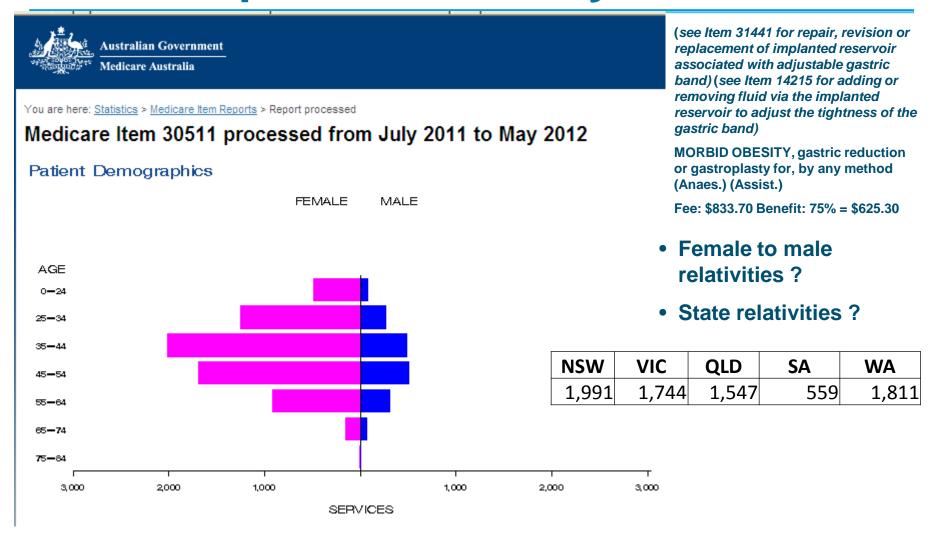
https://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au/cgibin/broker.exe?\_PROGRAM=sas.mbs\_item\_age\_gender\_report.sas&\_ SERVICE=default&\_DEBUG=0&VAR=services&STAT=count&PTYPE=finyear&START\_DT=201107&END\_DT=2012 05&RPT\_FMT=by+state&GROUP=45623

# Medicare item profile – Lipectomy



https://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au/cgibin/broker.exe?\_PROGRAM=sas.mbs\_item\_age\_gender\_report.sas &\_SERVICE=default&\_DEBUG=0&VAR=services&STAT=count&PTYPE=finyear&START\_DT=201107&END\_DT =201205&RPT\_FMT=by+state&GROUP=30177

# **MBS Item profile – Obesity**



https://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au/cgibin/broker.exe?\_PROGRAM=sas.mbs\_item\_age\_gender\_report.sas&\_ SERVICE=default&\_DEBUG=0&VAR=services&STAT=count&PTYPE=finyear&START\_DT=201107&END\_DT=201205 &RPT\_FMT=by+state&GROUP=30511

### **Bupa Possible Cosmetic Items by State CY 11 - Examples**

Service						2011				
Year										
Hospital		- Blank -	ACT	NSW	NT	QLD	SA	TAS	VIC	WA
State										
MBS Item	MBS	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services
Number	Description	(Med)	(Med)	(Med)	(Med)	(Med)	(Med)	(Med)	(Med)	(Med)
30171	Lipectomy	16	3	56	11	46	119	7	126	13
30177	Lipectomy	21	10	145	7	117	180	24	138	25
30511	Obesity	24	13	394	33	438	319	160	426	155
30514	Obesity	10	2	105	7	177	124	30	154	28
4FC17	Eyelid	г(	15	305	12	201	202	(0	220	72
45617	reduction	56	15	365	13	391	283	60	326	72
45623	<b>Eyelid Ptosis</b>	28	5	322		270	249	18	192	7
45638	Rhinoplasty	18	5	66	1	68	59	4	64	18

### Note the relativities between States

# Cosmetic Surgery Based on Service Co-existence & Provider Web Site

Medical Provider Last Name	MBS Item Number	Sex	Age at Service	Adjusted Moop	MBS	Fund Medical Benefit (Inc Non-Res)	Episode Id	Service Date	Item Description
	45558	F	36.00	\$9,420	\$1,580	\$395	65856197-00-0055190K- 20101118-20101122	18NOV2010	Breast Ptosis, Correction Of By Mastopexy By Any Means
	30177	F	36.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	65856197-00-0055190K- 20101118-20101122	18NOV2010	Lipectomy Radical Abdominoplasty (Pitanguy Type
	45641	F	49.00	\$6,289	\$1,212	\$303	65096521-01-0055190K- 20110111-20110112	11JAN2011	Rhinoplasty Involving Nasal Or Septal Cartilage Graft
	45617	F	49.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	65096521-01-0055190K- 20110111-20110112	11JAN2011	Reduction Of Upper Eyelid For Skin Redundancy -Refer Science
	45527	F	49.00	\$0	\$714	\$592	62954250-01-0055190K- 20110531-20110601	31MAY2011	Augmentation Mammaplasty -Refer Schedule
	45554	F	49.00	\$0	\$337	\$279	62954250-01-0055190K- 20110531-20110601	31MAY2011	Breast Prosthesis, Removal And Replacement With
	30171	H	49.00	\$0	\$166	\$101	62954250-01-0055190K- 20110531-20110601	31MAY2011	Lipectomy Wedge Excision Of Skin And Fat, Not Being A
	31230	F	49.00	\$0	\$40	\$25	62954250-01-0055190K- 20110531-20110601	31MAY2011	Tumour (Other Than Viral Verrucae Ycommon Warts?
	30171	F	49.00	\$14,408	\$1,092	\$273	63947188-00-0055190K- 20100524-20100531	24MAY2010	Lipectomy Wedge Excision Of Skin And Fat, Not Being A
	45617	F	49.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	63947188-00-0055190K- 20100524-20100531	24MAY2010	Reduction Of Upper Eyelid For Skin Redundancy -Refer S
								<del>                                     </del>	

### Z41, Procedures other than remedying health state

- This ICD 10 AM code encompasses: Z41.1 Other plastic surgery for unacceptable cosmetic appearance; Z41.2 Routine and ritual circumcision; Z41.8 Other procedures for purposes other than remedying health state; Z41.9 Procedure for purposes other than remedying health state, unspecified
- A review of **Bupa data for Z41.1** from Jan 2008 to 2012 highlighted the **potential** overpayment of:
  - \$2.1 million in medical payments **plus**
  - \$14.1 million in hospital payments associated with those medical payments

for all Z41 episodes, whether it was the principal diagnosis or not and whether it included those episodes linked to a Bupa "cosmetic" list or not

N	Cosmetic MBS Med Claim?	Values							
N C	No Count of episodeid	Sum of Hospital Benefit	Sum of Medical Benefit	Yes Count of episodeid	Sum of Hospital Benefit	Sum of Medical Benefit	Total Count of episodeid	Total Sum of Hospital Benefit	Total Sum of Medical Benefit
	2191	\$5,517,878	\$610,458	2738	\$8,626,537	\$1,496,400	4929	\$14,144,415	\$2,106,857

### Medical Over servicing & Fraud in Summary

- Medical over servicing is a politically sensitive area
- Nevertheless, Funds need to seriously review medical servicing and invoicing
- Medicare & Funds should work collaboratively by informing each other of generic fraud and over servicing patterns, so that:
  - Medicare can save it's 75% of the Fund inpatient MBS Schedule Fee and
  - Funds save their 25% of hospital inpatient medical benefits paid and
  - Funds claw back the hospital costs associated with an inappropriate admission
  - This collaboration does not have to offend the relevant Privacy principles
- Funds in addition need to review their Contract and Agreement services (>100% of MBS fee) to determine if providers are compliant and/or invoicing and itemising correctly

# **Appendices - Medical**

# Medical Profile - Plastic Surgeon



#### Medical One Page Summary Report

#### Provider Details

Provider Number	Provider Name	Provider Address	Specialty Order	Code and Description
-AND TO SHEET AND			spec1	037 - Plastic And Reconstructive Surgery
			spec2	104 - General Practitioner

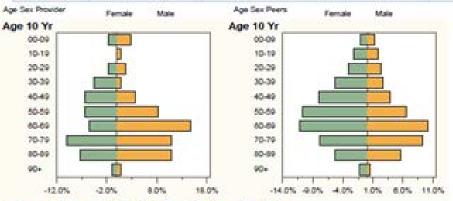
#### Practice Details

Provider Number	Practice Number	Practice Rate Group	Practice Name	Practice Type
				Plastic
			1.64	

#### Financial Details

		Fund Medical Benefit (Inc Non-Res)	Services (Med)	#Count Patient	BPP	SPP	# Providers
Provider	100	\$21,144	235	109	\$193.98	2.2	4.00
State	Vic	\$6,004,780	31,987	10,048	\$597.61	3.2	305
Specialty	Plastic Recon/Hand/Amput	\$17,032,180	110,232	37,777	\$450.86	2.9	1,050

hern Details.



Item	Provider Benefit	Provider%	Specialty Benefit	Specialty%
45451	\$3,163	14.96%	\$1,594,088	9.37%
45203	\$2,973	14.06%	\$1,181,894	6.95%
45206	\$231	1.09%	\$741,510	4.36%
30023	\$768	3.63%	\$549,152	3.23%
45563	\$959	4.54%	\$529,968	3.12%
45442	\$2,140	10.12%	\$489,124	2.88%
45003	\$0	0.00%	\$444,857	2.62%
45520	\$666	3.15%	\$411,575	2,42%
31270	\$477	2.25%	\$380,668	2.24%
31260	\$0	0.00%	\$351,982	2.07%

### Medical Services per member and item number

1																	
													Outlier N	lethod			
											Occurar	nces where	an item				
											numberi	s deemed	an outlier	% of total ocurrances the			
								Ra	nks Metho	d	fo	r the provi	der	iter	n was an o	utlier	
Γ								Items	Average								
						Total		ranked in	Item	Percent of	SPM	Services	Fund 25	SPM	Services	Fund 25	
F	rovi	ider		Claiming		medical	Items	Top 10%	ranking	items in	Outlier	Outlier	Outlier	Outlier	Outlier	Outlier	
S	tem	•	Services 💌	Member 💌	fund2	benefit 💌	Claimed	SPM 💌	SPM 💌	top 10 🛂	Count 🛂	Count 💌	Count 💌	Count	Count 🛂	Count 💌	
2		18	4573	162	\$81,190	\$126,545	13	8	86	62%	6	9	9	46%	69%	69%	
0		9	3662	185	\$67,831	\$107,144	8	5	76	63%	3	5	4	38%	63%	50%	
0		1	2206	80	\$37,357	\$58,477	10	7	85	70%	2	5	5	20%	50%	50%	
2		1	248	8	\$11,585	\$26,790	2	2	99	100%	2	2	2	100%	100%	100%	
0		5	152	4	\$6,855	\$14,249	2	2	97	100%	2	2	2	100%	100%	100%	
2		26	94	5	\$4,340	\$9,197	2	2	97	100%	2	1	1	100%	50%	50%	
0		.3	382	37	\$4,296	\$7,459	6	4	79	67%	2	3	3	33%	50%	50%	
0 2 0 2		0	37	2		\$1,164	6	4	75	67%	2	3	0	33%	50%	0%	
0		.3	52	1		\$816	3	3	99	100%	2	2	0	67%	67%	0%	

High proportion of items where the number of services per member were outliers

### Medical Services per episode for major provider

		of Total	Episodes Cl	assified a	as Outlier	s for this	major							
				provide	er			Episodes Flagged as Outliers						
Г			Diagnostic		Other				Diagnostic		Other			Total
maj	Prov 💌	Anaesth	Imaging 💌	Path 🛂	Med 💌	Any 🔽	LOS 💌	Anaesth▼	Imaging 🔽	Path 🛂	Med 💌	Any 💌	LOS 💌	Episodes 🗸
04	4**	2%	22%	41%	33%	51%	32%	3	28	53	43	66	41	130
09	7**	11%	14%	38%	4%	46%	5%	21	26	71	7	86	10	189
01	1**	12%	20%	34%	33%	51%	25%	25	41	70	69	106	53	208
04	2**	12%	0%	33%	3%	44%	2%	23	0	64	5	85	4	192
21	2**	1%	20%	32%	3%	49%	7%	1	32	52	5	81	12	164
01	5**	4%	8%	25%	2%	33%	28%	13	27	81	8	108	92	326
04	8**	4%	35%	25%	8%	51%	12%	15	123	86	29	180	43	350
04	5**	6%	3%	23%	2%	29%	10%	21	11	76	8	97	35	335
03	8**	6%	40%	23%	16%	51%	19%	15	93	53	38	120	44	234
06	4**	7%	23%	19%	3%	35%	8%	41	141	114	20	212	50	606
04	3**	19%	14%	17%	19%	39%	24%	60	45	53	59	122	77	316
02	0**	3%	59%	16%	21%	66%	14%	10	205	56	74	229	47	345

Unusually high number of pathology and diagnostic services

### **Possible Up Coding of MBS**

### **Target:**

Providers who consistently charge for the highest available item

#### Rationale:

Some items provide very similar services and the variation lies in the time allowed to be billed. An example of this is with case conferencing items (excluding psych)

	MBS	at	
	Nove	mber	
Item	2011		Provider Stem
			Attendance by a consultant physician in the practice of his or her specialty, as a
			member of a case conference team, to PARTICIPATE IN A DISCHARGE CASE CONFERENCE
			of at least 15 minutes but less than 30 minutes, with a multidisciplinary team of at least
00835	\$	98	two other formal care providers of different disciplines
			Attendance by a consultant physician in the practice of his or her specialty, as a
			member of a case conference team, to ORGANISE AND COORDINATE A DISCHARGE CASE
			CONFERENCE of at least 15 minutes but less than 30 minutes, with a multidisciplinary
00830	\$	137	team of at least three other formal care providers of different disciplines
			Attendance by a consultant physician in the practice of his or her specialty, as a
			member of a case conference team, to ORGANISE AND COORDINATE A DISCHARGE CASE
			CONFERENCE of at least 30 minutes but less than 45 minutes, with a multidisciplinary
00832	\$	205	team of at least three other formal care providers of different disciplines
			Attendance by a consultant physician in the practice of his or her specialty, as a
			member of a case conference team, to ORGANISE AND COORDINATE A DISCHARGE CASE
			CONFERENCE of at least 45 minutes, with a multidisciplinary team of at least three
00834	\$	273	other formal care providers of different disciplines

#### Method:

Indentify providers who more commonly charge for the most expensive items within the subset of items

# Possible Up Coding of MBS

		\$98	\$137	\$205	\$273		% Services for Most expensive
	Provider	00835	00830	00832	00834	Total	Item
2	5				79	79	100%
0	9		1	15	63	79	80%
2	5				62	62	100%
0	6			3	39	42	93%
2	1				31	31	100%
0	2		3	41	15	59	25%
0	D				14	14	100%
0	3		28	36	13	77	17%
2	5		1	1	12	14	86%
0	4				11	11	100%
Na	ational Total	106	5161	344	447	6058	7%

Some providers consistently charge for the most expensive item

### Discrepancies between hospital coding and doctors billing

### **Target:**

Providers with consistent discrepancies between the hospital coding and doctors bills

#### Rationale:

In some instances, we can validate doctors claims by looking at the hospital clinical coding. An example of this is angiographies, which can be billed according to the number of data acquisition runs

Digital Subt	raction angiography - aorta and lower limb codes					
MBS						
60060	Digital subtraction angiography, examination of a	orta and lower limb or limbs	- 1 to 3 data acquisition runs (R)	(Anaes.)	\$	564
60063	Digital subtraction angiography, examination of a	orta and lower limb or limbs	- 4 to 6 data acquisition runs (R)	(Anaes.)	\$	827
60066	Digital subtraction angiography, examination of a	orta and lower limb or limbs	- 7 to 9 data acquisition runs (R)	(Anaes.)	\$ 1	l,176
60069	Digital subtraction angiography, examination of a	orta and lower limb or limbs	- 10 or more data acquisition ru	ns (R) (Anaes	\$ 1	L,376
ACHI						
60060-00	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, <= 3 data acquisition	runs, unilateral			
60060-01	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, <= 3 data acquisition	runs, bilateral			
60063-00	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, 4 to 6 data acquisition	n runs, unilateral			
60063-01	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, 4 to 6 data acquisitior	n runs, bilateral			
60066-00	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, 7 to 9 data acquisitior	n runs, unilateral			
60066-01	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, 7 to 9 data acquisitior	n runs, bilateral			
60069-00	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, >= 10 data acquisition	runs, unilateral			
60069-01	Digital subtraction angiography of aorta and lowe	r limb, >= 10 data acquisition	runs, bilateral			

#### **Method:**

### Assess discrepancies between doctors codes and ACHI codes

### Discrepancies between hospital coding and doctors billing

<b>**</b>		D	octors B	ill			Hos	spital Cod	ling				
	\$564			\$1,376	Docs	ACHI	ACHI	ACHI	ACHI	ACHI	Discrep		
ep▽	60060	60063	60066	60069🗨	Total 🔻	60060	60063💌	60066	60069	Total 💌	ancie▼	Hosp	
1030	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	)T
1096	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	ÞΤ
1133	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	)A
1135	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	JΤ
1166	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	DΑ
1166	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	А
1176	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	А
1183	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	TC
1209	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	JΤ
1254	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	)F
1260	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	)J
1328	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	DΑ
1356	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	)T
1435	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00	)T
	_	_	_		_		_	_	_			0.0	

Hospital Medical Record review may be required

# **Appendices - Ancillary**

### **Dental Profile**

Provider Summary Report

Provider Number: Period Selected: 365DAYS, Date of Report: 02NOV2012

#### **Provider Details**

Dentist(Registered)NonSpecialist Provider Number: / HIC Spect: Title: / HIC Spec2: Provider Name: / HIC Spec3: Provider Address: / HIC Spec4: Provider Type: Dentist / HIC Spec5: Provider Sub Type: **Dentist** / Fund Spec1: 0 Speciality Codes: 112,123,000,000,000,000 / Fund Spec2: 0 NMHI Speciality Codes: 000,000,000,000,000,000 / Fund Spec3: 0 HICAPS Indicator. / Fund Spec4: 0 Organisation ID: / Fund Spec5: 0 / Fund Spect: 0

#### **Provider Network Details**

Agreement Number: Network Status: N/A **Business Line:** N/A

#### Services and Benefits

Practice Name:

#### Comparison ( x% above avg if highlighted or x% below if white)

32

Provider Postcode State	Mships	Patients	Services	Benefit Paid	Providers	ВРМ	BPP.	SPM	SPP			Cpos Services Ratio	Provider Postcode State Comparison	ВРМ	BPP	SPM	SPP
Provider	780	1,169	9,578	\$498,842	1	\$639.54	\$426.73	12.28	8.19	45.00%	3.82%	99.46%	Provider vs State	87.00%	69,00%	85.00%	68.00%
Postcode	3,969	5,562	35,338	\$1,833,585	25	\$461.98	\$329.66	8.9	6.35	48.00%	8.45%	96.57%	Provider vs	38.00%	29.00%	38.00%	29.00%
State	318,179	432,812	2,106,253	\$109,042,253	3121	\$342.71	\$251.94	6.62	4.87	48.00%	7.92%	95,09%	Postcode				

Age Groups, Services

rege or output was succes		
% Of Services Per Age Group	Provider [%]	State [%]
0-9	1.82	5.97
10-19	6.63	10.22
20-39	16.52	23.45
40-64	49.05	41.91
65-74	14.76	12.12
75+	11.22	6.33
Unknown	0.00	0.00
Total	100.00	100.00

Age Groups, Services
----------------------

Prov Services	State Services
174	125,775
635	215,174
1,582	493,895
4,698	882,808
1,414	255,255
1,075	133,339
0	7
9,578	2,106,253
	174 635 1,582 4,698 1,414 1,075

Item Categories, Providers vs State

Subcategory	Provider Services	State Services
Diagnostic	42.22%	36.92%
Preventative, Prophylaxis & Bleaching	25.49%	29.75%
Periodontics	0.01%	1.24%
Oral Surgery	2.00%	2.99%
Endodontics	5.54%	3.13%
Restorative	10.80%	20.76%
Prosthodontics	12.92%	3.76%
Orthodontics	0.00%	0.31%

#### Item Subcategories

Subcategory	Services	Benefit Paid [\$]
Diagnostic	4044	75,593.70
Endodontics	531	34,060.15
Ex-Gratia	0	0.00
General Services	98	4,113.60
Oral Surgery	192	19,320.15
Orthodontics	0	0.00
Periodontics	1	0.00
(Continued)		2,755

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# **Chiropractor Profile**

#### Provider Summary Report Provider Number: 65DAYS, Date of Report: 02NOV2012



PRODUCE INCOME.	Contraction.
Agreement Number.	0.000
Network Status:	P455
Business Line:	N/A

#### Services and Benefits

Provider Postcode State	Mahipa	Patients	Services	Benefit Paid	Providera	вем	8PP	SPM	SPP	Ben Fee		Cpos Services Ratio
Provider	181	276	1,503	\$34,257	- 1	\$189.26	\$124.12	8.3	5.45	49.00%	2.86%	84.56%
Postcode	1,018	1,369	7,220	\$158,643	17	\$155.84	\$115.88	7.09	5.27	42.00%	3.91%	76.47%
State	68,213	96,459	515,970	\$12,137,372	1572	\$177.93	\$125.83	7.56	5.35	49.00%	2.52%	81,11%

Comparison ( x% above avg if highlighted or x% below if white)								
Provider Postcode State Comparison	ВРМ	BPP	SPM	SPP				
Provider vs State	6.00%	( 1.00%)	10,00%	2.00%				
Provider vs Postcode	21,00%	7.00%	17.00%	3.00%				

### Age Groups, Services

% Of Services Per Age Group	Provider [%]	State (%)
0-9	19.36	7.51
10-19	4.06	7.70
20-39	30.61	29.02
40-64	34.46	44.93
65-74	9.58	7.76
75+	1.93	3.07
Unknown	0.00	0.00
Total	100.00	100.00

	Age	Gro	нирв.	Servic	99
100	Buch	444	Acres 64	Maria and	100

Services for Different Age Groups	Prov Services	State Services
0-9	291	38,775
10-19	61	39,754
20-39	460	149,717
40-64	518	231,825
65-74	144	40,047
75+	29	15,852
Unknown	0	
Total:	1,503	515,970

#### Item Categories, Providers vs State

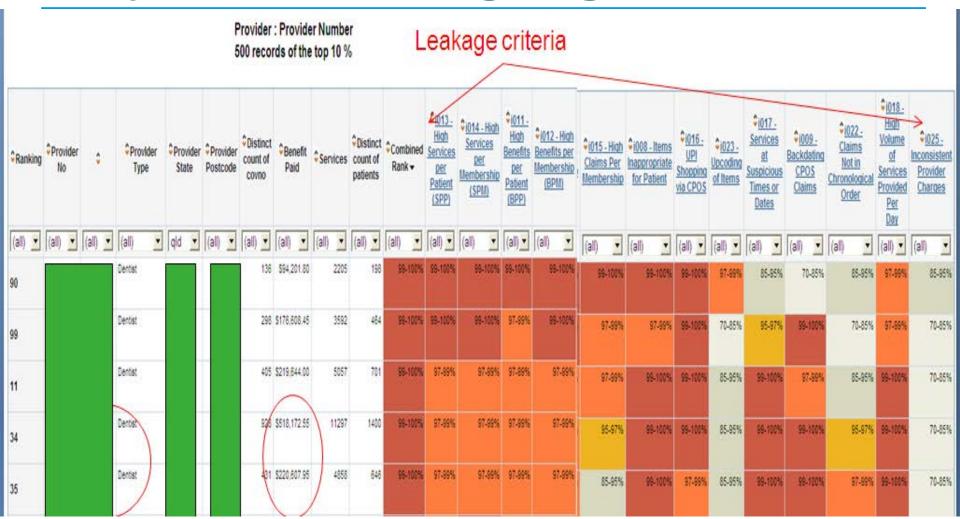
Subcategory	Provider Services	State Services
Chiropraetic Cons	99.87%	99.05%
Osteopathy	0.00%	0.46%
Orthosis	0.00%	0.01%
X-Ray	0.00%	0.29%
Ex-Gratia	0.00%	0.00%
Misc	0.13%	0.07%

#### House, Gustan stransportune

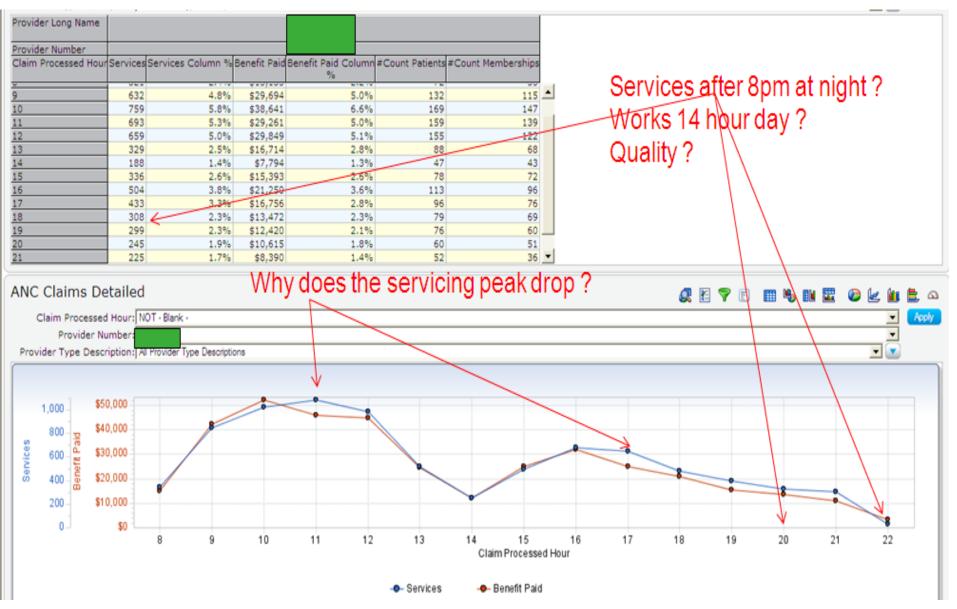
Subcategory	Sensors	Benefit Paid (\$)
Chiropractic Cons	1501	34,256.70
Ex-Gratia	0	0.00
Misc	2	0.00
Orthosis	0	0.00
Osteopathy	0	0.00
X-Ray	0	0.00
Total:	1503	34,256.70

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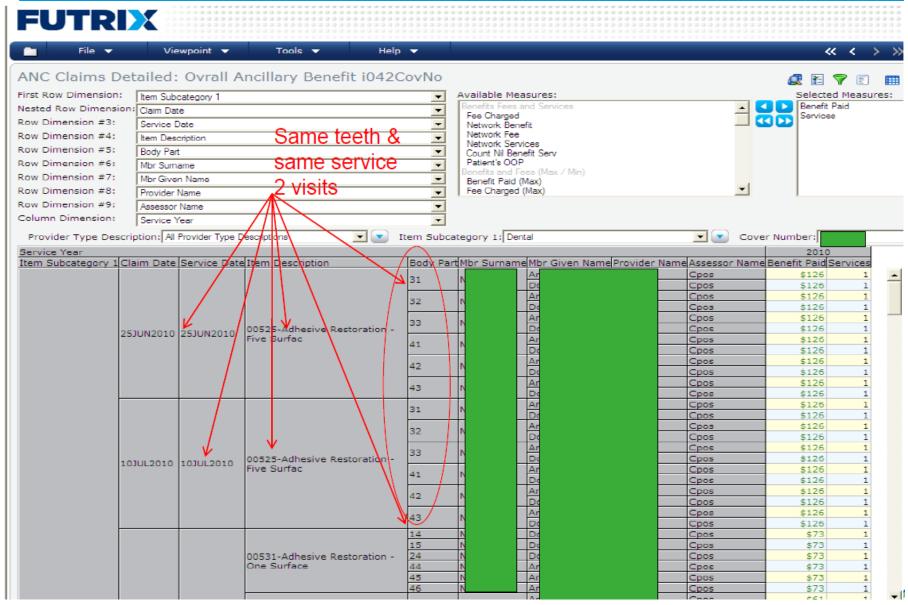
# **Analytics – Scoring Algorithms**



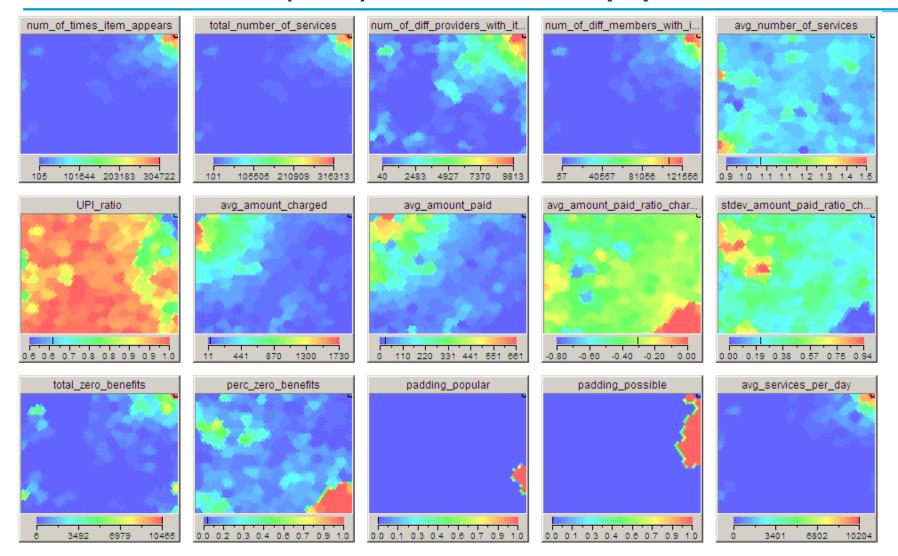
# **Questionable service Pattern 1**



### **Abuse of Tooth ID**



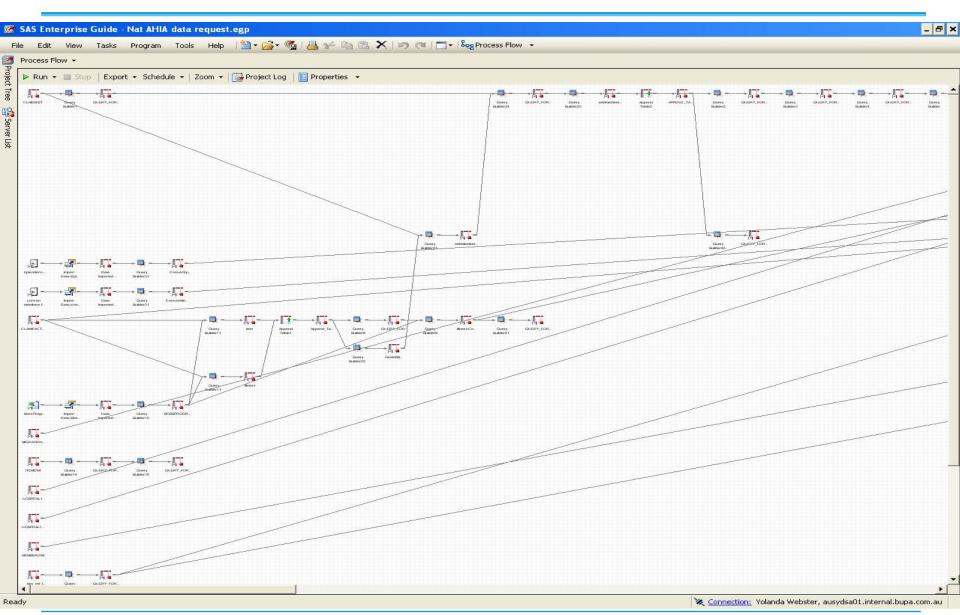
### Kohonen Network (SOM) - Item model for popular dental items



Work undertaken with Deloitte's some years ago

# Basic programming query in EG

Some Enterprise Guide queries can be quite complex ...



### Overpayment of Type C Claims relating to Crohn's Diesease

- MBS item number 14245 is a type C procedure therefore the data I selected is based on this number. Run data from BOSS, then import the data to ACCESS database. You can choose to link the data if the dataset is too big as it may slow the performance. This is the limitation of using ACCESS.
- Also import all other related reference tables such as hospital table which may contain contract details such as contracted rates.
- Create query based on selection criteria eg. CEP as we should paid this item as CEP. Day Band type =1 as some hospital pay type c as band 1. DRG=G64Z and ICD principal diagnostic code (K50.9) or procedure code (9619903 or 9619909)
- List the data and check if any obvious charging or payment pattern identified.
- Create and run a summary report to see the overpayment by hospital.

### Potential Outliers using Excel – some examples

#### Potential Outliers for Dental Consultations CY2011 1. Calculate Outlier Points Includes dental consultation items 14 - 17. Excludes nil benefit claims Services Per Member Benefits per Member Mean 1.03 Median \$31.36 \$67.70 Mean + 3 Standard Dev 1.33 Q3+1.5IQRR 2. Flag where provider exceeds outlier Outlier? Rank Services Benefits Services Per Benefits per Services Per Benefits per Provider De-Claiming Per ber identified Members **■** Benefits Member Member Member Member Member ▼ Services □ No 1116 496 \$13,294 510 1.0 \$26.80 No 1269 5214 3099 498 \$19,988 507 \$40.14 No 2287 1.0 1366 Another approach -\$15,204 447 \$36.37 2936 1660 418 1.1 No No 926 \$56.78 No 339 4461 344 \$19,531 407 1.2 No 183 Rank provider by \$5,937 1.8 \$26.51 Yes 35 5297 2895 224 393 No given metric Nd 3085 220 \$7,089 390 1.8 \$32.22 Yes 34 3750 \$26,908 \$73.52 No 1170 380 23 366 1.0 Yes 1184 377 \$30.04 Yes 4190 3507 271 \$8,142 1.4 No 104 2307 371 \$10,390 372 1.0 \$28.01 No No 1466 4656 4857 \$9,557 \$27.15 No 352 361 1.0 No 1308 5107 \$34.27 No 2088 299 \$10,246 341 No 505 3325 1.1 136 316 \$10,460 320 1.0 \$33.10 No No 1413 3542 1345 \$8,570 311 \$28.10 No 1351 4645 305 1.0 No 3422 307 \$10,308 311 1.0 \$33.58 No 3458 No 1411 . . . . .

# **Finding Outliers using Excel**

<b>Potential Out</b>	liers for Dent	tal Consultati	ons CY2011	L					
Includes dent	al consultatio	n items 14 - 1	7. Excludes	s nil benefit (	claims				
	Services Per Member				Benefits per Member				
	Mean		1.03		Median		\$31.36		
	Mean + 3 Standard Dev		1.33		Q3+1.5IQRR		\$67.70		
								_	
						Out	lier?	Ra	nk
				Services	Benefits				
Provider De-	Claiming			D		la	l	la	l_ a l
1	Ciaiiiiiig			Per	per	Services Per	Benefits per	Services Per	Benefits per
		Benefits 🔼	Service				Benefits per Member		· ·
			Service 510	Member	Member <u> </u>				Member 🔼
identified 🔼	Member	\$13,294		Member	<b>Member ₹</b> \$26.80	Member 🔼	Member 🔼	Member 🔼	Member 5214
identified 1116	Member: 496	\$13,294 \$19,988	510	Member 1.0	\$26.80 \$40.14	Member 💌 No	Member No	Member 1269	Member 5214 2287
identified 1116 3099	Member: 496 498	\$13,294 \$19,988	510 507	Member <u>1.0</u> 1.0	\$26.80 \$40.14 \$36.37	Member No	Member No	Member 1269 1366	5214 2287 2936
identified 1116 3099 1660	Members 496 498 418	\$13,294 \$19,988 \$15,204 \$19,531	510 507 447	1.0 1.0 1.1 1.2	\$26.80 \$40.14 \$36.37 \$56.78	No No No No No	No No No	1269 1366 926	5214 2287 2936
identified 1116 3099 1660 4461	496 498 418 344	\$13,294 \$19,988 \$15,204 \$19,531 \$5,937	510 507 447 407	1.0 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.8	\$26.80 \$40.14 \$36.37 \$56.78 \$26.51	No No No No No	No No No No	1269 1366 926 339	5214 2287 2936 183
identified 1116 3099 1660 4461 2895	496 498 418 344 224	\$13,294 \$19,988 \$15,204 \$19,531 \$5,937 \$7,089	510 507 447 407 393	1.0 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.8	\$26.80 \$40.14 \$36.37 \$56.78 \$26.51 \$32.22	No No No No No Yes	No No No No No No No	1269 1366 926 339 35	5214 2287 2936 183 5297 3750

# **Appendices - Hospital**

### Type C Services for Crohn's Disease - Overpayment

